Method Name: Approved by: Final version date: Effective date:		Determination of β-Carotene in Infant and Adult/ Pediatric Nutritional Formula Stakeholder Panel for Infant Formula and Adult Nutritionals	
1.	carotene in all	s of all- <i>trans</i> β-carotene (CAS 7235-40-7) and <i>cis</i> isomers of β-forms of infant, adult, and/or pediatric formula (powders, ready-to-fequid concentrates).	
2.		nique: I technique that meets the following method performance is acceptable.	
3.	The closeness	conds to the VIM definition for "trueness"). s of agreement between the average of an infinite number of replicat antity values and a reference quantity value.	
	constitute the Formula and A	ormula complete, specially formulated food, consumed in liquid form, which no sole source of nourishment [AOAC Stakeholder Panel on Infant Adult Nutritionals (SPIFAN); 2010], made from any combination of many, hydrolyzed protein, starch, and amino acids, with and without intaken.	
	O Caratana		
	[(1E,3E,5E,7E trimethylcyclol	carotene (IUPAC name: 1,3,3-trimethyl-2- 1,9E,11E,13E,15E,17E)-3,7,12,16-tetramethyl-18-(2,6,6- nexen-1-yl)octadeca-1,3,5,7,9,11,13,15,17-nonaenyl]cyclohexene, 7235-40-7) and its <i>cis</i> isomers. Figure 1.	
	requirements of appropriate conbination o	abstitute specially manufactured to satisfy, by itself, the nutritional of infants during the first months of life up to the introduction of emplementary feeding (Codex Standard 72 – 1981), made from any f milk, soy, rice, whey, hydrolyzed protein, starch, and amino acids, but intact protein.	
		(LOD) concentration or mass of analyte that can be detected in a given ma or than 5% false positive risk and 5% false negative risk.	
	Limit of Quantitat The minimum as a quantitati	concentration or mass of analyte in a given matrix that can be repor	

Repeatability

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Variation arising when all efforts are made to keep conditions constant by using the same instrument and operator, and repeating during a short time period.

Expressed as the repeatability standard deviation (SD_r); or % repeatability relative standard deviation (%RSD_r).

Reproducibility

The standard deviation or relative standard deviation calculated from amonglaboratory data. Expressed as the reproducibility relative standard deviation (SD_R); or % reproducibility relative standard deviation (% RSD_R).

4. Method Performance Requirements: See Table 1.

Table 1. Method Performance requirements^a

Table 1. Method i chomiane requirements				
Analytical range	1-1300 ^b			
Limit of Quantitation (LOQ)	≤ 1 ^b			
Recovery	90-110%			
Repeatability (RSD _r)				
1-100 ^b	8%			
>100-1300 ^b	5%			
Reproducibility (RSD _R)				
1-100 ^b	15%			
>100-1300 ^b	10%			
2-				

^aConcentrations apply to: a) 'ready-to-feed' liquids "as is"; b) reconstituted powders (25 g into 200 g of water); and c) liquid concentrates diluted 1:1 by weight.

5. System suitability tests and/or analytical quality control:

Suitable methods will include blank check samples, and check standards at the lowest point and midrange point of the analytical range. Methods must be capable of resolving β -carotene from α -carotene and lycopene.

6. Reference Material(s):

SRM 1869. Please contact Dr. Melissa Phillips, Research Chemist, NIST for materials at melissa.phillips@nist.gov or (301) 975-4134.

7. Validation Guidance:

Recommended level of validation: Official Methods of AnalysisSM.

8. Maximum Time-To-Result: No maximum time.

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b µg /100 g reconstituted final product; range and LOQ are based on total of *cis+trans* isomers.

89 Figures: 90

91 92 93

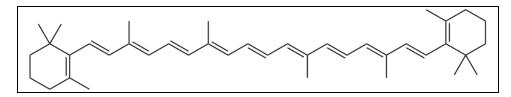


Figure 1: Molecular structure of all-trans β-Carotene

